

TITLE VII: TRAFFIC CODE

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CHAPTER 70: TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

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GENERAL PROVISIONS**' 70.01 STATE HIGHWAY TRAFFIC REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY REFERENCE.**

(A) The Highway Traffic Regulations Act is hereby adopted by reference. The regulatory provisions of M.S. Chapter 169, as it may be amended from time to time, are hereby adopted as a traffic ordinance regulating the use of highways, streets and alleys within the city and are hereby incorporated in and made a part of this section as completely as if set out in full herein.

(B) The penalty for violation of the provisions of state statutes adopted by reference in this section shall be identical with the penalty provided for in the statutes for the same offense.

' 70.02 TRUCKS PROHIBITED ON CERTAIN STREETS.

(A) As authorized by M.S. ' 169.87, as it may be amended from time to time, the City Council by resolution may designate streets on which travel by commercial vehicles in excess of 10,000 pounds axle weight is allowed, and appropriate signs shall be erected. No person shall operate a commercial vehicle in excess of 10,000 pounds axel weight on city streets which are not so posted.

(B) The weight restrictions established in division (A) shall not apply to city or emergency vehicles, public school buses, garbage and refuse trucks making regular collections and are under contract with the city nor shall the weight restrictions in division (A) apply if a commercial vehicle must use the particular street in question for the purposes of local pick-up or delivery.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 70.03 STOP INTERSECTIONS.

Pursuant to M.S. ' 169.04, as it may be amended from time to time, the city may designate intersections as a stop intersection and require all vehicles to stop at one or more entrances to those intersections. The city shall post signs at those designated intersections, giving notice of the designation as a stop intersection. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to obey the markings or signs posted under this section.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 70.04 THROUGH STREETS AND ONE-WAY STREETS.

Pursuant to M.S. ' 169.04, as it may be amended from time to time, the City Council by resolution may designate any street or portion of a street as a through street or one-way street where necessary to preserve the free flow of traffic or to prevent accidents. No trunk highway shall be so designated unless the consent of the Commissioner of Transportation to the designation is first secured. The city shall cause appropriate signs to be posted at the entrance to designated streets. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to obey the markings or signs posted under this section.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 70.05 TURNING RESTRICTIONS.

(A) (1) Pursuant to M.S. ' 169.04, as it may be amended from time to time, the City Council by resolution may, whenever necessary to preserve a free flow of traffic or to prevent accidents, designate any intersection as one where turning of vehicles to the left or to the right, or both, is to be restricted at all times or during specified hours. No intersection on a trunk highway shall be so designated until the consent of the Commissioner of Transportation to the designation is first obtained.

(2) The city shall mark by appropriate signs any intersection so designated.

(3) No person shall turn a vehicle at any intersection contrary to the direction on those signs.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 70.06 U-TURNS RESTRICTED.

No person except a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of his official duties, shall turn a vehicle so as to reverse its direction on any street in the business district or at any intersection designated by a sign as restricted.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 70.07 EXCESSIVE NOISE.

(A) As used in this section:

(1) **LIGHT-MOTOR VEHICLES** means any automobile, van, motorcycle, motor-driven cycle, motor scooter, go-cart, minibike, trail bike, neighborhood electric vehicle, golf cart, mini truck, all terrain vehicle, truck with a gross vehicular weight of less than 10,000 pounds or low power vehicle.

(2) **LOW POWER VEHICLE** for the purposes of this section means a vehicle with a gas, electric or battery powered engine that may achieve a maximum vehicle speed of 35 miles per hour.

(B) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate, or cause to operate, or use a light-motor vehicle in a manner as to cause, or allow to be caused, excessive noise levels as a result of unreasonable rapid accelerations, deceleration, revving of engine, squealing of tires, honking of horns, or as a result of the operation of audio devices including but not limited to radios, phonograph, tape players, compact disc players or any other sound-amplifying device on or from the light-motor vehicle.

(C) No person shall operate, or cause to operate, or use a light-motor vehicle in violation of the noise standards contained in Minn. Rules parts 7030.1050 and 7030.1060, as it may be amended from time to time.

(D) No person shall operate, or cause to operate, or use a light-motor vehicle that discharges its exhaust other than through a muffler or other device that effectively prevents loud or explosive noises. No person shall operate, or cause to operate, or use a light-motor vehicle whose exhaust system has been modified, altered, or repaired in any way, including the use of a muffler cut-out or by-pass, that amplifies or otherwise increases noise above that emitted by the light-motor vehicle as originally equipped.

(E) The following are exempted from the provisions of this section:

(1) Sound emitted from sirens of authorized emergency vehicles;

(2) Burglar alarms on light-motor vehicles of the electronic signaling type which also transmit an audible signal to a receiver which can be carried by the owner or operator of the vehicle; and

(3) Celebrations on Halloween and other legal holidays and celebrations in connection with duly authorized parades.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 70.08 EXHIBITION DRIVING PROHIBITED.

No person shall turn, accelerate, decelerate or otherwise operate a motor vehicle within the city in a manner which causes unnecessary engine noise or backfire, squealing tires, skidding, sliding, swaying, throwing of sand or gravel, or in a manner simulating a race. Unreasonable squealing or screeching sounds emitted by tires or the unreasonable throwing of sand or gravel by the tires is prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 70.09 MOTOR VEHICLE NOISE.

(A) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this section, the following phrases are defined as follows:

ABNORMAL OR EXCESSIVE NOISE.

(a) Distinct and loudly audible noise that unreasonably annoys, disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort and repose of any person or precludes their enjoyment of property or affects their property's value;

(b) Noise in excess of that permitted by M.S. ' 169.69, as it may be amended from time to time, which requires every motor vehicle to be equipped with a muffler in good working order; or

(c) Noise in excess of that permitted by M.S. ' 169.693 and Minn. Rules parts 7030.1000 through 7030.1050, as this statute and these rules may be amended from time to time, which establish motor vehicle noise standards.

ENGINE-RETARDING BRAKE. A dynamic brake, jake brake, Jacobs brake, C-brake, Paccar brake, transmission brake or other similar engine-retarding brake system which alters the normal compression of the engine and subsequently releases that compression.

(B) It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge the exhaust or permit the discharge of the exhaust from any motor vehicle except through a muffler that effectively prevents abnormal or excessive noise and complies with all applicable state laws and regulations.

(C) It shall be unlawful for the operator of any truck to intentionally use an engine-retarding brake on any public highway, street, parking lot or alley within the city which causes abnormal or excessive noise from the engine because of an illegally modified or defective exhaust system, except in an emergency.

(D) Minnesota Statutes " 169.69 and 169.693 (motor vehicle noise limits) and Minn. Rules parts 7030.1000 through 7030.1050, as these statutes and rules may be amended from time to time, are hereby adopted by reference.

(E) Signs stating VEHICLE NOISE LAWS ENFORCED may be installed at locations deemed appropriate by the City Council to advise motorists of the prohibitions contained in this section, except that no sign stating VEHICLE NOISE LAWS ENFORCED shall be installed on a state highway without a permit from the Minnesota Department of Transportations. The provisions of this section are in full force and effect even if no signs are installed.

PARADES

' 70.20 DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this subchapter the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

PARADE. Any parade, march, ceremony, show, exhibition, pageant, or procession of any kind, or any similar display in or on any street, sidewalk, park, or other public place in the city.

' 70.21 PUBLIC CONDUCT DURING PARADES.

(A) *Interference.* No person shall unreasonably hamper, obstruct, impede or interfere with any parade or parade assembly or with any person, vehicle or animal participating or used in a parade.

(B) *Driving through parades.* No driver of a vehicle except a police car or other emergency vehicle shall drive between the vehicles or persons comprising a parade when the vehicles or persons are in motion and are conspicuously designated as a parade.

(C) *Parking on parade route.* The Police Chief or other authorized city official shall have the authority, when reasonably necessary, to prohibit or restrict the parking of vehicles along a street or other public thoroughfare or part thereof constituting a part of the route of a parade. Signs shall be posted to the effect, and it shall be unlawful for any person to park or leave unattended any vehicle in violation thereof. No person shall be liable for parking on a street or other public thoroughfare unless signs have been posted in accordance with this section.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

Section

- 71.01 No parking where posted
- 71.02 Limited parking
- 71.03 Other parking restrictions
- 71.04 Parking hours: parking on streets shall be limited
- 71.05 Declaration of snow emergency; parking prohibited
- 71.06 Parking certain semi-trailers or tractors on public streets prohibited
- 71.07 Overnight parking
- 71.08 Repairing of vehicles
- 71.09 Prohibiting parking areas in front yards in residential zones
- 71.10 Impoundment
- 71.11 Prima facie violation

Cross-reference:

Abandoned vehicles, see Chapter 90

' 71.01 NO PARKING WHERE POSTED.

(A) No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle upon the public streets of the city at any place where official signs or where appropriate devices, marks, or painting, either upon the surface of the street or the curb immediately adjacent thereto, prohibit these acts. Exceptions from this provision include trucks temporarily parked during the business hours of any business day for the purpose of loading or unloading where access to the premises are not otherwise available, and for cars forming a funeral procession.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

(B) Pursuant to M.S. ' 168B.035, the City Council may appoint as many parking enforcement officers as are needed to enforce the provisions of this chapter. The parking enforcement officers shall be subordinate to the Fillmore County Sheriff's Department. A ***PARKING ENFORCEMENT OFFICER*** is an individual whose services are utilized by a law enforcement agency to provide parking enforcement and administrative or clerical assistance and who is not a sworn and licensed police officer. A parking enforcement officer(s) duties shall not include enforcement of the general criminal laws of the state, and the parking enforcement officer does not have full powers of arrest or authorization to carry a firearm on duty.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 71.02 LIMITED PARKING.

No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle upon the public streets of the city where official signs are erected limiting the parking time thereon, for a period of time in excess of the time as designated by the official signs.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

Parking Regulations

' 71.03 OTHER PARKING RESTRICTIONS.

(A) Parking on All Other Streets. It is unlawful for any person to park or permit any vehicle to stand upon any street or alley, in the same parking space, for more than seventy-two (72) consecutive hours. Approval to extend parking beyond the seventy-two (72) hour limit may be granted by the City Council upon application on a form provided by the City Clerk.
Penalty, Any person found in violation of this ordinance may be fined in an amount provided for on the City fee schedule.

(B) The City Council may by resolution order the placing of signs, devices or marks, or the painting of streets or curbs prohibiting or restricting the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles on any street where, in its opinion, as evidenced by a finding in its official minutes, the stopping, standing or parking is dangerous to those using the highway, or where the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles would unduly interfere with the free movement of traffic. The signs, devices, marks or painting shall be official signs, devices, marks or painting, and no person shall stop, stand or park any vehicle in violation of the restrictions thereon or as indicated thereby.

(C) No parking signs may be placed by city employees on any street of the city to permit construction, repair, snow removal, street cleaning or similar temporary activities. While the signs are in place, it shall be unlawful to park any vehicle on the streets or portion thereof so posted.

(D) It shall be unlawful for a person to park in an area designated by Council resolution and posted as a fire lane.

(E) It shall be unlawful for a person to park a vehicle or permit it to stand, whether attended or unattended, on an alley within the city, provided that this does not prohibit the parking of vehicles for less than one hour on an alley for the purpose of access to abutting property for loading or unloading merchandise or other material when parking on the property itself is not available.

(F) It shall be unlawful for a person to park a motor vehicle in an area designated by posted signs pursuant to Council resolution for certain types of vehicles, unless the motor vehicle is one of the types of vehicles specifically permitted.

(G) Every vehicle parked upon any street with a curb shall be parked parallel to the curb, unless angle parking is designated by appropriate signs or markings. On streets with a curb, the right-hand wheels of any vehicle parked shall be within one foot of the curb. On streets without a curb, the vehicle shall be parked to the right of the main traveled portion of the street and parallel to it and in such a manner as not to interfere with the free flow of traffic, unless angle parking is designated by appropriate signs or markings. All vehicles must be parked facing the same direction as the flow of traffic in the adjacent lane of traffic.

Penalty, Any person found in violation of this ordinance may be fined in an amount provided for on the City fee schedule.

' 71.04 ODD/EVEN PARKING ON ALL STREETS FROM NOVEMBER THROUGH MARCH

(A) ALTERNATE PARKING: From November 1 through March 31 of each year, between 2:00 a.m. and 8:00 a.m. each day, no motor vehicles, trailers, wagons or any other obstacles to snow plowing vehicles shall be parked on the even numbered side of any City Street on even numbered days, and no motor vehicle shall be parked on the odd numbered side of any City Street on odd numbered days. Penalty, Any person found in violation of this ordinance may be fined in an amount provided for on the City fee schedule.

(B) BLOCKS WITHOUT BUILDINGS OR ADDRESSES: Should any particular block be without buildings or the buildings present do not have addresses, the even/odd-numbered side of the public roadway shall be determined by building addresses on adjoining blocks of that roadway. Penalty, Any person found in violation of this ordinance may be fined in an amount provided for on the City fee schedule.

' 71.05 DECLARATION OF SNOW EMERGENCY; PARKING PROHIBITED.

(A) The Mayor, Police Chief or other designated official may declare a snow emergency in the city. The emergency shall continue in effect for a period of 24 hours or until the snow has been removed from the city's streets or until the snow emergency has been rescinded by action of the Mayor, Police Chief or other designated officer.

(B) Notice of the declaration of a snow emergency shall be given by notifying the local news media; however, the notification shall be a service aid only and not a duty on the part of the officials.

(C) During a declared snow emergency or after one inch or more of snow has accumulated, no motor vehicle shall be left parked on any street or public way in the city until the declared emergency is canceled or, if no emergency is declared, until the street is cleared on both sides of accumulated snow.

(D) During a declared snow emergency, any police officer or city appointed parking enforcement officer, appointed pursuant to M.S. ' 168B.035, Subd. 2, who finds a motor vehicle in violation of this section shall attempt to contact the owner of the motor vehicle and require the owner to immediately move the motor vehicle so as not to be in violation of this section. If the owner does not immediately remove the motor vehicle or the owner cannot be located, the police officer or city appointed parking enforcement officer, appointed pursuant to M.S. ' 168B.035, Subd. 2, is authorized to have the motor vehicle removed at the owner's expense.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 71.06 PARKING CERTAIN SEMI-TRAILERS OR TRACTORS ON PUBLIC STREETS PROHIBITED.

No person shall park a semi-tractor or trailer, or any truck rated with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 10,000 pounds, in any area of the city zoned for residential use or other area designated by City Council resolution except when parked in the Industrial 1 (I1) district or the vehicle is parked in a completely enclosed garage.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

Parking Regulations**' 71.07 OVERNIGHT PARKING.**

The following vehicles shall not be allowed to park on city streets overnight: repair, delivery, rented vehicles with commercial plates and refuse and recycling haulers or any other vehicle not registered as a passenger vehicle.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 71.08 REPAIRING OF VEHICLES.

Minor repairs, not including any oil or fluid changes, shall be permitted on city streets; provided, that they can be accomplished within the same day and completed by 10:00 p.m. All other repairs shall be considered major repairs and shall not be permitted on any city street, unless the repairs are made within an enclosed structure allowed within the zoning district. Damage to city streets because of repairs or lack of repairs shall be charged to the person responsible for the damage to the city streets.

Penalty, Any person found in violation of this ordinance may be fined in an amount provided for on the City fee schedule.

' 71.09 PROHIBITING PARKING AREAS IN FRONT YARDS IN RESIDENTIAL ZONES.

(A) The construction, operation or maintaining a parking area, either paved or unpaved, in the front yard of any lot is prohibited in any area zoned for residential use. For the purpose of this section, front yard shall mean and include that area between the sidewalk, or street line in the event there is no sidewalk, and the front line of the principal building, extending in both directions to the side lot lines.

(B) Use of that portion of a vacant lot within 30 feet of the sidewalk lines for parking in an area zoned for residential use is prohibited.

(C) Driveways in any area zoned for residential use shall not exceed 25% of the width at the front or side lot line. Where more than one driveway is desired or required, they shall be at least 70 feet apart.

(D) The front part of any lot shall not be used for the parking of an automobile, truck, trailer, tractor, recreational vehicle, camper, travel trailer, camper top, tent, wagon, boat, boat trailer, storage area or motor home.

(E) No person, being the owner or having control of any building, shall violate or fail to conform to any provision of this section, or fail to obey any lawful order of an officer charged with its enforcement. Each and every day on which any person continues to violate the provisions of this section, after having been notified of the violation, shall constitute a separate offense. This conviction shall not relieve any person from thereafter complying with the provisions of this section, and shall be sufficient cause to refuse further building or land use permits to the offender until a time as the orders have been complied with.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 71.10 IMPOUNDMENT.

Any police officer or city appointed parking enforcement officer, appointed pursuant to M.S. ' 168B.035, Subd. 2, may order the removal of a vehicle from a street to a garage or other place of safety when the vehicle is left unattended and constitutes an obstruction to traffic or hinders snow removal, street improvements or maintenance operations. The vehicle shall not be released until the fees for towing and storage are paid in addition to any fine imposed for violation of this chapter.

' 71.11 PRIMA FACIE VIOLATIONS.

Pursuant to M.S. ' 169.34, Subd. 2, as it may be amended from time to time, the presence of any motor vehicle on any street when standing or parked in violation of this chapter is prima facie evidence that the registered owner of the vehicle committed or authorized the commission of the violation.

Passed by the City Council of Canton, the 9th day of October, 2019.

CHAPTER 72: SNOWMOBILES

Section

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' 72.01 INTENT.

It is the intent of this chapter to supplement M.S. " 84.81 to 84.91, and M.S. Ch. 169, as these statutes may be amended from time to time and Minn. Rules parts 6100.5000 through 6100.6000, as these rules may be amended from time to time, with respect to the operation of snowmobiles. These statutes and rules are incorporated herein by reference. This section is not intended to allow what the state statutes and rules prohibit, nor to prohibit what the state statutes and rules allow.

' 72.02 DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

DEADMAN THROTTLE or ***SAFETY THROTTLE***. A device which, when pressure is removed from the engine accelerator or throttle, causes the motor to be disengaged from the driving mechanism.

OPERATE. To ride in or on and control the operation of a snowmobile.

OPERATOR. Every person who operates or is in actual physical control of a snowmobile.

OWNER. A person, other than a lien holder having the property in or title to a snowmobile, or entitled to the use or possession thereof.

PERSON. Includes an individual, partnership, corporation, the state and its agencies and subdivision, and any body of persons, whether incorporated or not.

RIGHT-OF-WAY. The entire strip of land traversed by a highway or street in which the public owns the fee or an easement for roadway purposes.

ROADWAY. That portion of a highway or street improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel.

SNOWMOBILE. A self-propelled vehicle designed for travel on snow or ice, steered by skis or runners.

STREET. A public thoroughfare, roadway, alley or trail used for motor vehicular traffic which is not an interstate, trunk, county-state aid, or county highway.

' 72.03 APPLICATION OF TRAFFIC ORDINANCES.

The provisions of Ch. 70 of this code shall apply to the operation of snowmobiles upon streets and highways, except for those relating to required equipment, and except those which by their nature have no application.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 72.04 RESTRICTIONS.

(A) It is unlawful for any person to enter, operate or stop a snowmobile within the limits of the city:

(1) On the roadway of any street, except the most right hand lane then available for traffic or as close as practicable to right hand curb or edge of the roadway, except when overtaking and passing another vehicle stopped in the lane or proceeding in the same direction, or in making a left turn. Snowmobiles may also be operated upon the outside slope of trunk, county-state aid and county highways where the highways are so configured within the corporate limits. The City Council may, pursuant to M.S. ' 84.87, Subd. 3, as it may be amended from time to time, adopt a resolution designating certain city streets as available for snowmobile operation and prescribe such time and speed limits as are necessary.

(2) On a public sidewalk provided for pedestrian travel.

(3) On boulevards within any public right-of-way.

(4) On private property of another without specific permission of the owner or person in control of the property.

(5) Upon any school grounds, except as permission is expressly obtained from responsible school authorities.

(6) On public property, playgrounds and recreation areas, except areas previously listed or authorized for the use by resolution of the City Council, in which case the use shall be lawful, and snowmobiles may be driven in and out of those areas by the shortest route.

(7) On streets as permitted by this chapter at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour.

(8) During the hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m., Sunday through Thursday, and 12:01 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. on other days closer than 100 feet from any residence. This provision is not intended to prohibit snowmobiles from operating on city streets during the hours specified herein.

(B) It is unlawful for any person to operate a snowmobile within the limits of the city:

(1) So as to tow any person or thing in a public street or highway except through use of a rigid tow bar attached to the rear of the snowmobile; provided, that a disabled snowmobile may be towed to a private residence or a place of business where snowmobiles are repaired without the use of a rigid tow bar.

(2) Within 100 feet of any fisherman, pedestrian, skating rink or sliding area where the operation would conflict with use or endanger other persons or operation.

(3) To intentionally drive, chase, run over or kill any animal.

(4) Without registering it with the DNR. Current registration number decal and validation decal must be displayed.

(5) At any place while under the influence of alcohol or drugs as defined in MS ' 169.121

(6) In any tree nursery or any shrub or tree planting area, in a manner which damages or destroys growing stock or landscaping on private or public property.
Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 72.05 STOPPING AND YIELDING.

No snowmobile shall enter any uncontrolled intersection without making a complete stop. The operator shall then yield the right-of-way to any vehicles or pedestrians at the intersection, or so close to the intersection as to constitute an immediate hazard.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 72.06 PERSONS UNDER 18.

(A) No person under 14 years of age shall operate on streets or make a direct crossing of a city street as the operator of a snowmobile. A person 14 years of age or older, but less than 18 years of age, may operate a snowmobile on streets as permitted under this chapter and make a direct crossing of those streets only if he or she has in his or her immediate possession a valid snowmobile safety certificate issued pursuant to M.S. ' 84.872, as it may be amended from time to time.

(B) Operators or riders under 18 years of age must wear a helmet except when participating in a parade or operating on land belonging to a relative.

(C) It is unlawful for the owner of a snowmobile to permit the snowmobile to be operated contrary to the provision of this section.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 72.07 EQUIPMENT.

It is unlawful for any person to operate a snowmobile any place within the limits of the city unless it is equipped with the following:

(A) Standard mufflers which are properly attached and which reduce the noise of operation of the motor to the minimum necessary for operation. No person shall use a muffler cutout, by-pass straight pipe or similar device on a snowmobile motor.

(B) Brakes adequate to control the movement of and to stop and hold the snowmobile under any condition of operation.

(C) A safety or so called deadman throttle in operating condition.

(D) When operated between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, or at times of reduced visibility, at least one clear lamp attached to the front, with sufficient intensity to reveal persons and vehicles at a distance of at least 100 feet ahead during the hours of darkness under normal atmospheric conditions. The head lamp shall be so aimed that glaring rays are not projected into the eyes of an oncoming snowmobile operator. It shall also be equipped with at least one red light plainly visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear during hours of darkness under normal atmospheric conditions.

(E) Reflective material at least 16 square inches on each side, forward of the handlebars and at the highest practical point on any towed object, so as to reflect lights at a 90 degree angle.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 72.08 EMERGENCY OPERATION PERMITTED.

Notwithstanding any prohibitions in this chapter, a snowmobile may be operated on a public thoroughfare in an emergency during the period of time and at locations where snow upon the roadway renders travel by automobile impractical.

CHAPTER 73: RECREATIONAL AND OTHER VEHICLES

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- 73.09 Mobility devices
- 73.10 Motorized foot scooters
- 73.11 Medium speed electric vehicles and neighborhood electric vehicles

' 73.01 PURPOSE AND INTENT.

(A) (1) The purpose of this chapter is to provide reasonable regulations for the use of recreational motor vehicles on public and private property in the city.

(2) This chapter is not intended to allow what the Minnesota Statutes prohibit nor to prohibit what the Minnesota Statutes expressly allow.

(B) It is intended to ensure the public safety and prevent a public nuisance.

' 73.02 DEFINITION.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definition shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE. Any all-terrain vehicle as defined by M.S. ' 84.92, as it may be amended from time to time.

RECREATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE. Any self-propelled vehicle and any vehicle propelled or drawn by a self-propelled vehicle used for recreational purposes including, but not limited to trail bike, off-highway motorcycle, as defined by M.S. ' 84.787, Subd. 7, as it may be amended from time to time, or other all-terrain vehicle as defined by M.S. ' 84.92, Subd. 8, as it may be amended from time to time, utility task vehicle, motorized go-carts, hovercraft or motor vehicle licensed for highway operation which is being used for off-road recreational purposes, but not including golf carts defined by ' 73.08, personal electric mobility devices defined by ' 73.09, motorized foot scooters defined by ' 73.10, neighborhood electric vehicles or medium speed electric vehicle as defined by ' 73.11, and mini-trucks defined by ' 73.08. Motorized scooters designated to provide mobility for handicapped persons and electric wheelchairs are not considered recreational vehicles.

ROADWAY. A public roadway is defined as the entire right of way including the paved portion as well as banks, ditches, should and median.

UTILITY TASK VEHICLE. A side-by-side, four-wheel drive, off-road vehicle that has four wheels, is propelled by an internal combustion engine with a piston displacement capacity of 1,200 cubic centimeters or less, and has a total dry weight of 1,800 but less than 2,600 pounds as defined by M.S. ' 169.045 as amended from time to time.

' 73.03 OPERATION REQUIREMENTS.

It is unlawful for any person to operate a recreational motor vehicle:

(A) On private property of another without specific written permission of the owner of the property; (Written permission may be given by a posted notice of any kind or description, so long as it specifies the kind of vehicles allowed, that the owner, occupant or lessee prefers, such as by saying Recreational Vehicles Allowed, Trail Bikes Allowed, All-Terrain Vehicles Allowed or words substantially similar.)

(B) On publicly-owned land; any city street or right of way, including ditches and slopes or in crossing roads, park property, playgrounds, and recreational areas, or without a valid driver's license, except where permitted by this chapter;

(1) ATV travel on a city street, alley or other right of way is allowed if the operator is traveling from the owners residence, place of business, or place where the vehicle is generally stored, in a direct route to the nearest departure point from the City Limits;

(2) A person under the age of 12 is only permitted to operate an ATV on private property. A person under the age of 12 may not operate an ATV to make a direct crossing of a public road right of way or on a public road right of way;

(3) Persons age 12 through 15 may make a direct crossing of a public right of way if they have a valid ATV Safety Certificate in their possession and they are accompanied by another ATV operated by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a valid driver's license;

(C) In a manner so as to create a loud, unnecessary or unusual noise which disturbs, annoys or interferes with the peace and quiet of other persons;

(D) On a public sidewalk or walkway provided or used for pedestrian travel;

(E) At a place while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-forming drugs;

(F) At a rate of speed greater than reasonable or proper under all the surrounding circumstances;

(G) At any place in a careless, reckless or negligent manner so as to endanger or be likely to endanger any person or property or to cause injury or damage thereto;

(H) On any public street, highway or right-of-way unless licensed and registered pursuant to Minnesota law;

(I) To intentionally drive, chase, run over or kill any animal, wild or domestic;

(J) By halting any recreational motor vehicle carelessly or heedlessly in disregard of the rights or the safety of others or in a manner so as to endanger or be likely to endanger any person or property or in excess of 25 miles per hour on publicly-owned lands; and/or

(K) Within 150 yards of any public recreational area or gathering of people. This provision does not apply to the occasional use of recreational motor vehicles on private property for the purpose of loading or unloading it from a trailer or for mechanically checking it;

(L) Without headlight and taillight lighted at all times if the vehicle is equipped with headlight and taillight;

(M) Without a functioning stoplight if so equipped;

(N) Without a brake operational by either hand or foot;

(O) *Helmet and seat belts required.*

(1) A person less than 18 years of age shall not ride as a passenger or as an operator of a vehicle regulated herein on public land, public waters, or on a public road right-of-way unless wearing a safety helmet approved by the Commissioner of Public Safety.

(2) A person less than 18 years of age shall not ride as a passenger or as an operator of a vehicle regulated herein without wearing a seat belt when such seat belt has been provided by the manufacturer.

(P) *All-terrain vehicles and passengers.*

(1) No person under 18 years of age shall operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle while carrying a passenger. A person 18 years of age or older may operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle carrying one passenger. For the purposes of this division a **CLASS 1 ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE** means an all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of less than 1,200 pounds.

(2) No person under 18 years of age shall operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle while carrying a passenger. A person 18 years of age or older may operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle while carrying a passenger, or up to the number of passengers for which the vehicle was designed, whichever is greater. For the purposes of this division a **CLASS 2 ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE** means an all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of 1,200 to 1,800 pounds.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' **73.04 STREET CROSSINGS.**

(A) No person under 12 years of age operating the vehicles regulated herein shall make a direct crossing of any street, highway or public right-of-way or operate a vehicle regulated herein on a public street, highway or road right-of-way or operate a vehicle regulated herein on public lands or waters.

(B) *Additional restrictions for all-terrain vehicles.* An all-terrain vehicle may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way provided:

(1) The crossing is made at an angle of approximately 90 degrees to the direction of the road and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;

(2) The vehicle is brought to a complete stop before crossing the shoulder of main-traveled way of the road;

(3) The driver yields the right-of-way to all oncoming traffic that constitutes an immediate hazard;

(4) In crossing a divided road, the crossing is made only at an intersection of the road with another public road; and

(5) If the crossing is made between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise or in conditions of reduced visibility, only if both front and rear lights are on.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 73.05 HOURS OF OPERATION.

Hours for use are 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 73.06 MINIMUM EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS.

(A) Standard mufflers shall be properly attached and in constant operation to reduce the noise of operation of the motor to the minimum necessary for operation. No person shall use a muffler cutout, bypass, straight pipe or similar device on a recreational motor vehicle motor. The exhaust system shall not emit or produce a sharp popping or crackling sound.

(B) Brakes shall be adequate to control the movement of and to stop and hold under any conditions of operation.

(C) At least one clear lamp shall be attached to the front with sufficient intensity to reveal persons and vehicles at a distance of at least 100 feet ahead during the hours of darkness under normal atmospheric conditions. The head lamp shall be so that glaring rays are not projected into the eyes of an oncoming vehicle operator. It shall also be equipped with at least one red tail lamp having a minimum candlepower of sufficient intensity to exhibit a red light plainly visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear during the hours of darkness under normal atmospheric conditions. This equipment shall be required and shall be in operating condition when the vehicle is operated between the hours of one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise, or at times of reduced visibility.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 73.07 DESIGNATION OF PUBLIC AREAS FOR USE.

(A) The Council may designate areas and exclusive city streets for use of recreational motor vehicles by approval of a resolution by a majority of the members of the City Council. The areas designated may be changed from time to time by the City Council. Any area designated shall be published in the official newspaper of the city in a conspicuous place after the approval. If an area is changed, the change shall be published in like manner in the official newspaper of the city. An up-to-date map of any designated park areas open for recreational motor vehicle use shall be kept on file in the office of the City Clerk, who shall provide on request a copy of the map together with the applicable rules, regulations and this chapter to each person requesting the information from the city.

(B) Unless designated by the City Council as an area for recreational motor vehicles, the use on city park property and city streets shall be unlawful. Further, the use of city parks designated by the City Council shall be in accordance with all of the applicable provisions of this chapter.

Penalty, see ' 10.99

' 73.08 MOTORIZED GOLF CARTS, UTILITY TASK VEHICLES AND MINI TRUCKS.

(A) (1) No person shall operate a motorized golf cart, utility task vehicles or mini truck on streets, alleys, sidewalks or other public property without obtaining a permit as provided herein.

(2) Every application for a permit shall be made on a form supplied by the city and shall contain the following information:

(a) The name and address of the applicant;

(b) The nature of the applicant's physical handicap, if any;

(c) Model name, make and year and number of the motorized golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck;

(d) Current driver's license or reason for not having a current license; and

(e) Other information as the city may require.

(3) The annual permit fee shall be as set forth in the Ordinance Establishing Fees and Charges adopted pursuant to ' 30.11 of this code, as that ordinance may be amended from time to time.

(4) Permits shall be granted for a period of one year and may be renewed annually January 1 to December 31.

(5) No permit shall be granted or renewed unless the following conditions are met:

(a) The applicant must be 16 years of age;

(b) The applicant must demonstrate that he or she currently holds or has held a valid Minnesota driver's license to operate a mini truck;

(c) The applicant may be required to submit a certificate signed by a physician that the applicant is able to safely operate a motorized golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck on the roadways designated;

(d) The applicant must provide evidence of insurance in compliance with the provisions of Minnesota Statutes concerning insurance coverage for the golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck; In the event that the owner is unable to obtain liability insurance in the private market MS' 169.045, subd. 8 states that the owner may purchase automobile insurance, including no-fault coverage, from the Minnesota Automobile Assigned Risk Plan at a rate to be determined by the Commissioner of Commerce.

(e) The applicant has not had his or her driver's license revoked as the result of criminal proceedings.

(6) Motorized golf carts, utility task vehicles and mini trucks are permitted to operate only on city streets, not state or federal highways, except to cross at designated intersections.

(7) Motorized golf carts, utility task vehicles or mini trucks may only be operated on designated roadways from sunrise to sunset. They shall not be operated in inclement weather conditions or at any time when there is insufficient light to clearly see persons and vehicles on the roadway at a distance of 500 feet.

(A) Motorized golf carts, utility task vehicles or mini trucks that have manufacture installed headlights and tail lights may be operated during the hours of darkness except they shall not be operated in inclement weather conditions or at any time when there is insufficient light to clearly see persons and vehicles on the roadway at a distance of 500 feet.

(8) Motorized golf carts shall display the slow-moving vehicle emblem provided for in M.S. ' 169.045 Subd. 4, as it may be amended from time to time, when operated on designated roadways.

(9) Motorized golf carts, utility task vehicles or mini trucks shall be equipped with a wing-style rear view mirror to provide the driver with adequate vision from behind as required by M.S. ' 169.70 as is may be amended from time to time.

(10) The operator of a motorized golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck may cross any street or highway intersecting a designated roadway.

(11) Every person operating a motorized golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck under permit on designated roadways has all the rights and duties applicable to the driver of any other vehicle under the provisions of M.S. ' 169, as it may be amended from time to time, except when these provisions cannot reasonably be applied to motorized golf carts, utility task vehicles or mini trucks and except as otherwise specifically provided in M.S. ' 169.045(7), as it may be amended from time to time.

(12) The City Council may suspend or revoke a permit granted hereunder upon a finding that the holder thereof has violated any of the provisions of this section or M.S. ' 169, as it may be amended from time to time, or if there is evidence that the permit holder cannot safely operate the motorized golf cart or mini truck on the designated roadways. The City Council may suspend or revoke a permit if the permit holder allows a youth under the age of 16 to operate the motorized golf cart in violations of any traffic law or any city ordinance.

(a) Minnesota Statutes do not require a driver's license to drive a motorized golf cart, but the City Council may suspend or revoke a permit granted hereunder upon a finding that the holder thereof has violated any of the provisions in this section or M.S. ' 169, as it may be amended from time to time. If the permit holder allows a youth under the age of 16 to operate the motorized golf cart in violation of any traffic law or any city ordinance, the permit may be suspended or revoked.

(b) No person under 16 years of age shall operate a motorized golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck on any city street or right of way, including alleys, ditches and slopes or in crossing roads; park property; and recreation areas with the city limits.

(13) The number of occupants in the golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck may not exceed the design occupant load.

(a) Golf carts that have been modified shall not exceed 5 passengers and all passengers must be provided with and occupy an appropriate seat when the golf cart is in motion.

(B) For the purpose of this section, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

DRIVER. The person driving and having physical control over the motorized golf cart, utility task vehicle or mini truck and being the permittee.

MINI TRUCK. As defined in Minn. Stat. ' 169.011 Subd. 40a, motor vehicle that has four wheels; is propelled by an electric motor with a rated power of 7,500 watts or less or an internal combustion engine with a piston displacement capacity of 660 cubic centimeters or less; has a total dry weight of 900 to 2,200 pounds; contains an enclosed cabin and a seat for the vehicle operator; commonly resembles a pickup truck or van, including a cargo area or bed located at the rear of the vehicle; and was not originally manufactured to meet federal motor vehicle safety standards required of motor vehicles in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, sections 571.101 to 571.404, and successor requirements. A mini truck does not include: a neighborhood electric vehicle or a medium speed electric vehicle as defined by ' 73.11; or a motor vehicle that meets or exceeds the regulations in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 571.500, as it may be amended from time to time.

(C) Authorized city staff may operate city owned motorized golf carts, utility task vehicles and mini trucks without obtaining a permit within the city on city streets, sidewalks, trails, rights-of-way and public property when conducting city business.

(D) Mini truck equipment requirements:

(1) A mini truck may be operated under permit on designated roadways if it is equipped with:

(a) At least two headlamps;

(b) At least two tail lamps;

(c) Front and rear turn-signal lamps;

(d) An exterior mirror mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle and either an exterior mirror mounted on the passenger's side of the vehicle or an interior mirror;

- (e) A windshield;
- (f) A seat belt for the driver and front passenger; and
- (g) A parking brake.

MOTORIZED GOLF CART. Any passenger conveyance being driven with three or four wheels with three or four low pressure tires that is limited in engine displacement of less than 800 cubic centimeters and total dry weight less than 800 pounds.

' 73.09 OPERATION OF ELECTRIC PERSONAL ASSISTIVE MOBILITY DEVICES.

(A) ***ELECTRIC PERSONAL ASSISTIVE MOBILITY DEVICE*** means a self-balancing device with two nontandem wheels, designed to transport not more than one person, and operated by an electric propulsion system that limits the maximum speed of the device to 15 miles per hour.

(B) Except as otherwise provided by law, a person operating an electric personal assistive mobility device has the rights and responsibilities of a pedestrian.

(C) *Operation.*

(1) An electric personal assistive mobility device may be operated on a bicycle path.

(2) No person may operate an electric personal assistive mobility device on a roadway, sidewalk, or bicycle path at a rate of speed that is not reasonable and prudent under the conditions. Every person operating an electric personal assistive mobility device on a roadway, sidewalk, or bicycle path is responsible for becoming and remaining aware of the actual and potential hazards then existing on the roadway or sidewalk and must use due care in operating the device.

(3) An electric personal assistive mobility device may be operated on a roadway only under the following circumstances:

- (a) While making a direct crossing of a roadway in a marked or unmarked crosswalk;
- (b) Where no sidewalk is available;
- (c) Where a sidewalk is so obstructed as to prevent safe use;
- (d) When so directed by a traffic control device or by a peace officer; or
- (e) Temporarily in order to gain access to a motor vehicle;

(f) An electric personal assistive mobility device may not be operated at any time on a roadway with a speed limit of more than 35 miles per hour except to make a direct crossing of the roadway in a marked crosswalk;

(g) As provided in division (7) below by Council resolution.

(4) An electric personal assistive mobility device may not be operated at any time while carrying more than one person.

(5) A person operating an electric personal assistive mobility device on a sidewalk must yield the right-of-way to pedestrians at all times. A person operating an electric personal assistive mobility device on a bicycle path must yield the right-of-way to bicycles at all times.

(6) An electric personal assistive mobility device may not be operated unless the device bears reflectorized material on the front, back, and wheels, visible at night from 600 feet when illuminated by the lower beams of headlamps of a motor vehicle.

(7) *Designated exclusive city streets.* The City Council may, by resolution, designate exclusive city streets within its jurisdiction where the operation of electric personal assistive mobility devices is permissible, provided that no street so designated has a speed limit of more than 35 miles per hour.

' 73.10 MOTORIZED FOOT SCOOTERS.

(A) ***MOTORIZED FOOT SCOOTER*** means a device with handlebars designed to be stood or sat upon by the operator, and powered by an internal combustion engine or electric motor that is capable of propelling the device with or without human propulsion, and that has no more than two 12-inch or smaller diameter wheels and has an engine or motor that is capable of a maximum speed of 15 miles per hour on a flat surface with not more than 1% grade in any direction when the motor is engaged. An electric personal assistive mobility device, a motorized bicycle, an electric-assisted bicycle, or a motorcycle is not a motorized foot scooter.

(B) Operation of a motorized foot scooter on city bicycle paths, bicycle lanes, bicycle trails, or bikeways is prohibited except as provided in division (C) below.

(C) The City Council may by resolution designate specific bicycle paths, bicycle lanes, bicycle trails, or bikeways as available for use by motorized foot scooters.

(D) Every person operating a motorized foot scooter shall have all rights and duties applicable to the operator of a bicycle, except in respect to those provisions relating expressly to motorized foot scooters and in respect to those provisions of law that by their nature cannot reasonably be applied to motorized foot scooters.

(E) No person may operate a motorized foot scooter upon a sidewalk, except when necessary to enter or leave adjacent property. No person may operate a motorized foot scooter that is carrying any person other than the operator.

(F) No person under the age of 12 years may operate a motorized foot scooter.

(G) No person under the age of 18 years may operate a motorized foot scooter without wearing properly fitted and fastened protective headgear that complies with standards established by the Commissioner of Public Safety.

(H) A motorized foot scooter must be equipped with a headlight and a taillight that comply with standards established by the Commissioner of Public Safety if the vehicle is operated under conditions when vehicle lights are required by law.

(I) A person operating a motorized foot scooter on a roadway shall ride as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway, except in the following situations;

(1) When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction;

(2) When preparing for a left turn, in which case the operator shall stop and dismount at the right-hand curb or right edge of the roadway, and shall complete the turn by crossing the roadway on foot, subject to restrictions placed by law on pedestrians; or

(3) When reasonably necessary to avoid impediments or conditions that make it unsafe to continue along the right-hand curb or edge, including, but not limited to, fixed or moving objects, vehicles, bicycles, pedestrians, animals, surface hazards, or narrow lanes.

' 73.11 MEDIUM SPEED ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND NEIGHBORHOOD ELECTRIC VEHICLES.

(A) *Definitions.*

(1) ***MEDIUM SPEED ELECTRIC VEHICLE*** means an electrically powered four-wheeled motor vehicle, equipped with a roll cage or crushproof body design, that can attain a maximum speed of 35 miles per hour on a paved level surface, is fully enclosed and has at least one door for entry, has a wheelbase of 40 inches or greater and a wheel diameter of ten inches or greater, and except with respect to maximum speed, otherwise meets or exceeds regulations in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 571.500, and successor requirements.

(2) ***NEIGHBORHOOD ELECTRIC VEHICLE*** means an electrically powered motor vehicle that has four wheels, and has a speed attainable in one mile of at least 20 miles per hour but not more than 25 miles per hour on a paved level surface.

(B) Operation of neighborhood electric vehicles and medium speed electric vehicles on city streets is prohibited except as provided in (C) below.

(C) *Use on designated exclusive city streets.* The City Council may, by resolution, designate exclusive city streets within its jurisdiction where the operation of neighborhood electric vehicles or medium speed electric vehicles is permissible, provided that no street so designated has a speed limit of more than 35 miles per hour.

(D) A neighborhood electric vehicle or a medium-speed electric vehicle may be operated on public streets and highways only if it meets all equipment and vehicle safety requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 571.500, as it may be amended from time to time.

(E) Authorized city staff may operate city owned neighborhood electric vehicles and medium speed electric vehicles within the city on city streets, sidewalks, trails, rights-of-way and public property when conducting city business.

**CHAPTER 74: BICYCLES, ROLLER BLADES, ROLLER SKATES,
ROLLER SKIS AND SKATEBOARDS**

Section

Bicycles

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BICYCLES

' 74.01 DEFINITION.

For the purpose of this subchapter, the following definition shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

BICYCLE. Every device propelled solely by human power upon which any person may ride, having two tandem wheels, except scooters and similar devices, and including any device generally recognized as a ***BICYCLE*** though equipped with two front or rear wheels.

' 74.02 TRAFFIC LAWS APPLY.

Every person riding a bicycle on a street or upon any path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the driver of a vehicle by this title, except as to special regulations in this chapter and except as to those provisions of this chapter which by their nature can have no application.

' 74.03 MANNER AND NUMBER RIDING.

(A) It is unlawful for any person propelling a bicycle to ride other than upon or astride a permanent and regular seat attached thereto.

(B) No bicycle, including a tandem bicycle, cargo or utility bicycle or trailer, shall be used to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped, except on a baby seat attached to the bicycle, provided that the seat is equipped with a harness to hold the child securely in the seat and that protection is provided against the child's feet hitting the spokes of the wheel, or in a seat attached to the bicycle operator.

Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.04 HITCHING RIDES.

It is unlawful for any person riding upon any bicycle, coaster, roller skates, roller blades, skate board, sled, or toy vehicle to attach the same or themselves to any vehicle upon a street.

Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.05 WHERE TO RIDE.

(A) Every person operating a bicycle upon a street shall ride as near to the right side of the street as practicable, exercising due care when passing a standing vehicle or one proceeding in the same direction.

(B) Persons riding bicycles upon a street shall not ride more than two abreast except on paths or parts of streets set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles.

Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.06 RIGHT-OF-WAY; SIDEWALKS.

Whenever a person is riding a bicycle upon a sidewalk, the person shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian and shall give audible signal before overtaking and passing the pedestrian.

Penalty, see ' 74.99

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' 74.07 CARRYING ARTICLES.

It is unlawful for any person operating a bicycle to carry any package, bundle, or article which prevents the driver from keeping at least one hand upon the handlebars.

Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.08 LIGHTING AND BRAKE EQUIPMENT.

(A) Every bicycle, when in use at night time, shall be equipped with, or its operator shall carry a lamp on the front which shall emit a white light visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front, and with a red reflector on the rear of a type approved by the Department of Public Safety which is visible from all distances from 100 feet to 600 feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful lower beams of headlamps on a motor vehicle. A lamp emitting a red light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear may be used in addition to the red reflector. No person may, at any other time when there is not sufficient light to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles on the highway at a distance of 500 feet ahead, operate a bicycle unless the bicycle or its operator is equipped with reflective surfaces that shall be visible during the hours of darkness from 600 feet when viewed in front of lawful lower beams of headlamps on a motor vehicle. The reflective surfaces shall include reflective materials on each side of each pedal to indicate their presence from the front or the rear and with a minimum of 20 square inches on each side of the bicycle or its operator of white reflective material. All reflective materials used in compliance with this section shall meet the requirements as prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Safety.

(B) Every bicycle shall be equipped with a brake which will enable the operator to make the braked wheels skid on dry, level, clean pavement.

Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.09 SALE WITH REFLECTORS.

It is unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any new bicycle unless it is equipped with such reflectors as are prescribed in ' 74.08.

Penalty, see ' 74.99

ROLLER BLADES, ROLLER SKATES, ROLLER SKIS AND SKATEBOARDS**' 74.25 DEFINITIONS.**

For the purpose of this subchapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning:

BUSINESS DISTRICT. That part of the City so designated by council resolution.

OPERATE. To ride on or upon or control the operation of roller blades, roller skates, or a skateboard.

OPERATOR. Every person who operates or is in actual physical control of roller blades, roller skates, or a skateboard.

ROLLER BLADES/ROLLER SKATES. A shoe with wheels attached or a device with wheels which is designed to be attached to a shoe.

ROLLER SKIS. A pair of skis platformed with wheels attached which is intended to simulate skiing.

SKATEBOARD. A device for riding-upon, usually while standing, consisting of an oblong piece of wood, or of other composition, mounted on skate wheels.

' 74.26 UNLAWFUL ACTS.

(A) It is unlawful for any person to operate roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or a skateboard under the circumstances set forth hereafter:

- (1) On any public sidewalk, street, or public parking lot within the Business District;
- (2) On private property of another without the express permission to do so by the owner or occupant of the property; or
- (3) In any careless, reckless, or negligent manner so as to endanger or be likely to endanger the safety of any person or property of any other person.

(B) It is unlawful for any person operating roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or a skateboard to attach the same, or the person of the operator, to any vehicle upon a street.

(C) Every person operating roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or a skateboard upon a street shall ride as close as possible to the right-hand curb or edge of the street.

(D) Every person operating roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or a skateboard upon a street shall observe the same rules of the road as required of bicycles, pursuant to M.S. ' 169.222.
Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.27 RIGHT-OF-WAY.

The operator of roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or a skateboard emerging from any alley, driveway, or building, upon approaching a sidewalk or the sidewalk area extending across any alleyway, shall yield the right-of-way to all pedestrians approaching on the sidewalk or sidewalk area and upon entering the street shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles approaching on the street.
Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.28 HOURS OF USE.

It is unlawful for any person to use roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or a skateboard upon a public street, sidewalk, or other roadway from 10:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m., except on private property with express permission of owner, and except if the roller blades, roller skates, roller skis, skateboard or operator are equipped with reflective surfaces that shall be visible during the hours of darkness from 600 feet when viewed in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps on a motor vehicle. The reflective material shall be a minimum of 40 square inches. All reflective materials used in compliance with this section shall meet the requirements as prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Safety.
Penalty, see ' 74.99

' 74.99 VIOLATIONS.

A person apprehended by a peace officer in violation of the provisions of this chapter does, by his or her use of the public sidewalks, streets, and public parking lots, consent to the impoundment by a police officer of the roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or skateboard for a period of three days upon a first offense, a week upon the second offense and 30 days upon a third or additional offense. Any operator aggrieved by the impoundment of his or her roller blades, roller skates, roller skis or skateboard may petition the Council for a hearing thereon at the next regular Council meeting following the impoundment. This provision is in addition to the provisions for fines and penalties as set forth in ' 10.99.

